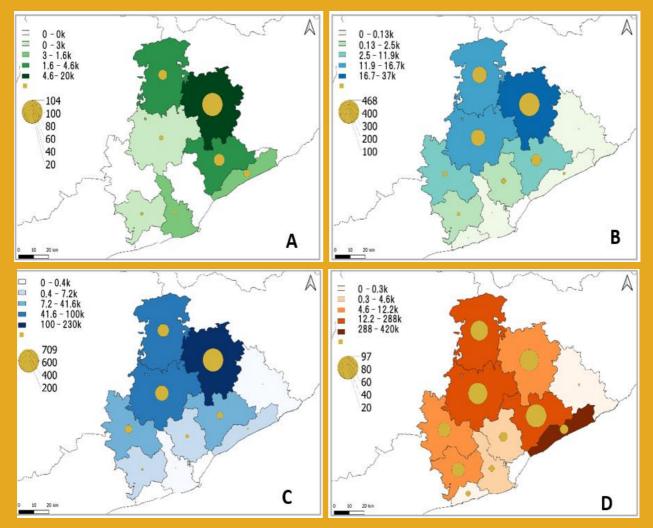


INNOVATIVE NUTRIENT RECOVERY FROM SECONDARY SOURCES – PRODUCTION OF HIGH-ADDED VALUE FERTILISERS FROM ANIMAL MANURE

Barcelona (Spain) – Region card

Number of animals (census) per animal type (LSU) per county (NUTS-3)

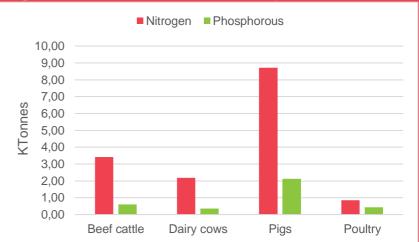


A: Dairy cows; B: Beef cattle; C: Pigs; D: Poultry. Circles represents the number of farms.

Total quantities of nutrients (N and P) generated per animal type.

Barcelona is dominated by pig rearing and N and P production is most intensive in the central area. Osona and Bages are the counties which have the greatest total amount of agricultural land.

There are high added-value crops such as vineyard which may serve as markets for improved fertilisers.



Manure management

Type of treatment	Cost	
Separation-centrifuge	3 – 4 (€/m ³ slurry)	
Separation- ramps	0.35 – 0.75 (€/m³ slurry)	
Separation- screw press	1 – 1.5 (€/m ³ slurry)	
Composting	4 – 6.5 (€/tone manure)	
Solar dry	7 – 8 (€/m ³ slurry)	
Digestion (only slurry) and electric production (cogeneration)	0.31 (€/m³ slurry)	
NDN	3.6 – 4.5 (€/m ³ slurry)	

Manure transport costs

Transport type	Type of matter	Hourly cost	Cost per km
23-tonne truck + spreader	Liquid	65 euros	1.21 €/km (4.26 €/t)
16-tonne tractor + spreader	Liquid	60 euros	5.50 €/km (2.07 €/t)
26-tonne truck	Solid Fraction	70 euros	1.13 €/km (3.51 €/t)



WWW.FERTIMANURE.EU



This project has received funding from the EU Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Programme under grant agreement No. 862849



@fertimanure

Disclaimer: this banner a. reflects only the author's view; and b. exempts the European Commission from any use that may be made of the information it contains.